UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2022

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number: 001-38636

Garrett Motion Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

La Pièce 16, Rolle, Switzerland (Address of principal executive offices) 82-4873189 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Identification No.)

1180 (Zip Code)

+41 21 695 30 00

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share	GTX	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	GTXAP	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes \boxtimes No \square

As of July 22, 2022, the registrant had 64,804,160 shares of Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, outstanding.

PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1.	Financial Statements (Unaudited)
	Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations (Unaudited)
	Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)
	Consolidated Interim Balance Sheets (Unaudited)
	Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)
	Consolidated Interim Statements of Equity (Deficit) (Unaudited)
	Notes to Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings
Item 1A.	Risk Factors
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures
Item 5.	Other Information
Item 6.	Exhibits
Signatures	

PART I-FINANCIAL INFORMATION

GARRETT MOTION INC. CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Moi Jun			nths Ende ne 30,	ed
	 2022	2021	2022		2021
			ccept per share amounts)		
Net sales (Note 3)	\$ 859	\$ 935	* ,	\$	1,932
Cost of goods sold	 690	742	1,416	_	1,543
Gross profit	 169	193	344		389
Selling, general and administrative expenses	54	51	107		106
Other expense, net	—	—	1		1
Interest expense	20	24	43		45
Loss on extinguishment of debt	5		5		
Non-operating income	(16)	(26)	(44))	
Reorganization items, net (Note 1)	1	(295)	2		(121)
Income before taxes	105	439	230		358
Tax expense (Note 5)	 20	30	57		54
Net income	85	409	173		304
Less: preferred stock dividend (Note 17)	(39)	(24)	(77))	(24)
Net income available for distribution	\$ 46	\$ 385	\$ 96	\$	280
Earnings per common share					
Basic	\$ 0.15	\$ 1.63	\$ 0.31	\$	1.79
Diluted	\$ 0.15	\$ 1.29	\$ 0.31	\$	0.95
Weighted average common shares outstanding					
Basic	64,839,157	69,667,651	64,689,673		72,862,102
Diluted	65,102,162	317,436,613	64,907,289		320,631,084

The Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

GARRETT MOTION INC. CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

		Three Mo Jun	nths En e 30,	ded	Six Months Ended June 30,						
	1	2022		2021	2022		2021				
				(Dollars i	n millions)						
Net income	\$	85	\$	409	\$ 173	\$	304				
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		1		(67)	3		43				
Changes in fair value of effective cash flow hedges, net of tax (Note 15)		9		4	17		5				
Changes in fair value of net investment hedges, net of tax (Note 15)		29		15	42		15				
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		39		(48)	62		63				
Comprehensive income	\$	124	\$	361	\$ 235	\$	367				

The Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

GARRETT MOTION INC. CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

		June 30, 2022	1	December 31, 2021
		(Dollars i	n millior	15)
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	146	\$	423
Restricted cash		33		41
Accounts, notes and other receivables - net (Note 6)		713		747
Inventories – net (Note 8)		284		244
Other current assets		81		56
Total current assets		1,257		1,511
Investments and long-term receivables		31		28
Property, plant and equipment – net		443		485
Goodwill		193		193
Deferred income taxes		266		289
Other assets (Note 9)		272		200
Total assets	\$	2,462	\$	2,706
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	979	\$	1,006
Current maturities of long-term debt (Note 13)		7		7
Mandatorily redeemable Series B Preferred Stock (Note 14)		—		200
Accrued liabilities (Note 10)		287		295
Total current liabilities		1,273		1,508
Long-term debt (Note 13)		1,139		1,181
Mandatorily redeemable Series B Preferred Stock – long-term (Note 14)		_		195
Deferred income taxes		21		21
Other liabilities (Note 11)		260		269
Total liabilities	\$	2,693	\$	3,174
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 19)			-	
EQUITY (DEFICIT)				
Series A Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001; 245,594,670 and 245,921,617 shares issued and outstanding as of				
June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively	\$	—	\$	—
Common Stock, par value \$0.001; 1,000,000,000 and 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 64,906,270 and 64,570,950 issued and 64,804,051 and 64,570,950 outstanding as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		_		
Additional paid–in capital		1,329		1,326
Retained deficit		(1,618)		(1,790)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (Note 16)		58		(1,750)
Total deficit		(231)	-	(468)
Total liabilities and deficit	\$	2,462	\$	2,706
	φ	2,402	φ	2,700

The Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

GARRETT MOTION INC. CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaud	nea)	Six Months Ended	Liune 30
(Dollars in millions)		2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$	173 \$	304
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities			
Reorganization items, net		_	(373)
Deferred income taxes		15	3
Depreciation		43	47
Amortization of deferred issuance costs		4	4
Interest payments, net of debt discount accretion		(19)	7
Loss on extinguishment of debt		5	
Foreign exchange gain		2	9
Stock compensation expense		5	3
Pension expense		—	(1)
Change in fair value of derivatives		(35)	
Other		(4)	(6)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts, notes and other receivables		(33)	17
Inventories		(64)	(51)
Other assets		1	58
Accounts payable		86	(52)
Accrued liabilities		2	(2)
Obligations payable to Honeywell		—	(375)
Other liabilities		(4)	17
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	177 \$	(391)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment		(52)	(40)
Other			1
Net cash used for investing activities	\$	(52) \$	(39)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of Series A Preferred Stock		—	1,301
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net of deferred financing costs		_	1,221
Payments of long-term debt		(4)	(1,515)
Payments of revolving credit facility		_	(370)
Payments of debtor-in-possession financing		_	(200)
Redemption of Series B Preferred stock		(381)	
Payments for Cash-Out election			(69)
Payments for share repurchases		(3)	(0)
Debt financing costs	<u>*</u>	(5)	(9)
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities	\$	(393) \$	359
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(17)	(6)
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(285)	(77)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of the period		464	693
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of the period	\$	179 \$	616
Supplemental cash flow disclosure:			
Income taxes paid (net of refunds)	\$	24 \$	32
Interest paid		47	57
Reorganization items paid		3	342
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Issuance of Series B Preferred Stock		—	577

The Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement

GARRETT MOTION INC. CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (DEFICIT) (Unaudited)

		ies A ed Stock	Commo	on Stock		ditional aid-in	Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	c	apital	Deficit	(Loss)/Income	Deficit
					(in mill	ions)			
Balance at December 31, 2020		<u>\$ </u>	76	<u>\$ </u>	\$	28	\$ (2,207)	\$ (129)	\$ (2,308)
Net loss							(105)		(105)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	—			_			—	111	111
Stock-based compensation		—	_	—		2	—	—	2
Balance at March 31, 2021			76		\$	30	\$ (2,312)	\$ (18)	\$ (2,300)
Net income							409		409
Cash-out election			(11)	_		—	(69)		(69)
Issuance of Series A Preferred Stock	248	—	_	_		1,301	—	—	1,301
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	—	—	—	—		—	—	(48)	(48)
Stock-based compensation		—	—	—		1	—		1
Balance at June 30, 2021	248	\$ _	65	\$ —	\$	1,332	\$ (1,972)	\$ (66)	\$ (706)

		ies A ed Stock	Comme	on Stock		Additional Paid-in	Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Total
	Shares Amount		Shares	Shares Amount			Deficit	(Loss)/Income	Deficit
					(in r	millions)			
Balance at December 31, 2021	246	\$	64	\$ _	- \$	1,326	\$ (1,790)	\$ (4)	\$ (468)
Net income							88		88
Share repurchases	—	_	_		-	(1)	(1)	—	(2)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	—	—	—		-	—	—	23	23
Stock-based compensation	—	_	—	_	-	2	—	—	2
Balance at March 31, 2022	246		64		- \$	1,327	\$ (1,703)	\$ 19	\$ (357)
Net income	_				-		85	—	85
Share repurchases	_	_	—	_	-	(1)	—	—	(1)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	—	_	—	_	-	—	—	39	39
Stock-based compensation	_	—	—	_	-	3	—	—	3
Balance at June 30, 2022	246	\$ —	64	\$ -	- \$	1,329	\$ (1,618)	\$ 58	\$ (231)

The Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

GARRETT MOTION INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Note 1. Background and Basis of Presentation

Background

Garrett Motion Inc., (the "Company" or "Garrett") designs, manufactures and sells highly engineered turbocharger and electric-boosting technologies for light and commercial vehicle original equipment manufacturers ("OEMs") and the global vehicle independent aftermarket, as well as automotive software solutions. These OEMs in turn ship to consumers globally. We are a global technology leader with significant expertise in delivering products across gasoline, diesel, natural gas and electric (hybrid and fuel cell) power trains. These products are key enablers for fuel economy and emission standards compliance.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to interim financial statements. While these statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for fair presentation of the results of the interim period, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. The unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements should therefore be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2021 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 14, 2022 (our "2021 Form 10-K"). The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2022 should not necessarily be taken as indicative of the entire year. All amounts presented are in millions, except per share amounts.

We report our quarterly financial information using a calendar convention: the first, second and third quarters are consistently reported as ending on March 31, June 30 and September 30. It has been our practice to establish actual quarterly closing dates using a predetermined fiscal calendar, which requires our businesses to close their books on a Saturday to minimize the potentially disruptive effects of quarterly closing on our business processes. For differences in actual closing dates that are material to year-over-year comparisons of quarterly or year-to-date results have been adjusted for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were July 2, 2022 and July 3, 2021, respectively.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management bases these estimates on assumptions that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, including considerations for the impact of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business due to various global macroeconomic, operational and supply-chain risks as a result of COVID-19. Actual results could differ from the original estimates, requiring adjustments to these balances in future periods.

Voluntary Filing Under Chapter 11

On September 20, 2020 (the "Petition Date"), the Company and certain of its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Debtors") each filed a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Bankruptcy Court"). The Debtors' chapter 11 cases (the "Chapter 11 Cases") were jointly administered under the caption "In re: Garrett Motion Inc., 20-12212." On April 20, 2021, the Debtors filed the Revised Amended Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan"). On April 26, 2021, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order among other things, confirming the Plan. On April 30, 2021 (the "Effective Date"), the conditions to the effectiveness of the Plan were satisfied or waived and the Company emerged from bankruptcy ("Emergence").

Emergence from Chapter 11

Upon Emergence or shortly thereafter, amounts recorded as liabilities subject to compromise were either settled, or such amounts have been reinstated to current or non-current liabilities in the Consolidated Interim Balance Sheet, based upon management's judgment as to the timing for settlement of such claims.

Reorganization items, net represent amounts incurred after the Petition Date as a direct result of the Chapter 11 Cases and are comprised of the following for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively:

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,						
	2022	2	2021	2022	2021					
			(Dollars in millions)							
Gain on settlement of Honeywell claims ⁽¹⁾	\$	— \$	(502) \$	— \$	(502)					
Advisor fees		—	96	1	180					
Bid termination and expense reimbursement			—		79					
Director's and officers insurance		—	39		39					
Expenses related to Senior Notes ⁽²⁾		—	28		28					
Write off pre-petition debt issuance cost		—	25		25					
Employee stock cash out		_	13	_	13					
Debtor in Possession ("DIP") financing fees		—	—		1					
Other		1	6	1	16					
Total reorganization items, net	\$	1 \$	(295) \$	2 \$	(121)					

- (1) The gain on settlement of Honeywell claims of \$502 million is comprised of the pre-emergence Honeywell claims of \$1,459 million, less the \$375 million payment to Honeywell, less the Series B Preferred Stock issued to Honeywell which was recorded at \$577 million, less a currency translation adjustment of \$5 million.
- (2) Includes \$15 million in connection with a complaint in the Bankruptcy Court against the trustee of the indenture governing the Company's previouslyissued 5.125% senior notes due 2026, and \$13 million related to post-petition interest thereon. The obligations of the Debtors under the indenture were canceled at Emergence.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Company are set forth in Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 included in our 2021 Form 10-K.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2021, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued accounting standards update ("ASU") 2021-10, *Government Assistance* (*Topic 832*): Disclosures by Business Entities about Government Assistance. The amendments in this update increase the transparency surrounding government assistance by requiring disclosure of 1) the types of assistance received, 2) an entity's accounting for the assistance, and 3) the effect of the assistance on the entity's financial statements. The update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The Company adopted the new guidance as of January 1, 2022. The adoption did not have a material impact on our Consolidated Interim Financial Statements; however, the Company expects to increase its disclosures with respect to government assistance beginning with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

We consider the applicability and impact of all recent ASU's issued by the FASB. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, there were no recently issued, but not yet adopted accounting pronouncements that are expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Interim Financial Statements and related disclosures.



Note 3. Revenue Recognition and Contracts with Customers

Disaggregated Revenue

Net sales by region (determined based on country of shipment) and channel are as follows:

		Т	Three Months En	ded	June 30, 2022			Three Months Ended June 30, 2021							
	 OEM		Aftermarket		Other	Total		OEM	Aftermarket			Other		Total	
						(Dollars i	n mill	ions)							
United States	\$ 118	\$	54	\$	1	\$ 173	\$	98	\$	44	\$		\$	142	
Europe	394		38		8	440		434		38		8		480	
Asia	211		10		6	227		280		14		7		301	
Other	13		6		_	19		6		6		_		12	
	\$ 736	\$	108	\$	15	\$ 859	\$	818	\$	102	\$	15	\$	935	

			Six Months End	ed J	une 30, 2022					:	Six Months End	ed Ju	une 30, 2021		
	 OEM		Aftermarket		Other		Total		OEM		Aftermarket		Other		Total
	 (Dollars in millions)														
United States	\$ 220	\$	105	\$	1	\$	326	\$	198	\$	80	\$	2	\$	280
Europe	800		76		15		891		915		77		16		1,008
Asia	477		20		12		509		582		24		14		620
Other	22		12		_		34		12		12		_		24
	\$ 1,519	\$	213	\$	28	\$	1,760	\$	1,707	\$	193	\$	32	\$	1,932

Contract Balances

The following table summarizes our contract assets and liabilities balances:

	2022		2021
	(Dol	lars in millions)	
Contract assets—January 1	\$	63 \$	61
Contract assets—June 30		58	56
Change in contract assets—(Decrease)/Increase	\$	(5) \$	(5)
Contract liabilities—January 1	\$	(5) \$	(2)
Contract liabilities—June 30		(6)	(2)
Change in contract liabilities—(Increase)/Decrease	\$	(1) \$	_

Note 4. Research, Development & Engineering

Garrett conducts research, development and engineering ("RD&E") activities, which consist primarily of the development of new products and product applications. RD&E costs are charged to expense as incurred unless the Company has a contractual guarantee for reimbursement from the customer. Customer reimbursements are netted against gross RD&E expenditures as they are considered a recovery of cost. Such costs are included in Cost of goods sold as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2022	2	021	2022			2021
			(Dollars i	n millions)			
Research and development costs	\$ 38	\$	33	\$	74	\$	66
Engineering-related expenses	3		5		9		11
	\$ 41	\$	38	\$	83	\$	77



Note 5. Income Taxes

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months June 3		1	
		2022		2021		2022	2021	
				(Dollars	in millions))		
Tax expense	\$	20	\$	30	\$	57 \$	5	54
Effective tax rate		19.0 %	, D	6.8 %		24.8 %		15.1 %

The increases in the effective tax rate for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to the prior year periods are primarily related to the nontaxable gain on the settlement of the Honeywell claims recorded in the prior period. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2022 also increased due to true-ups recorded in the first quarter of 2022 to prior year tax reserves.

The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% primarily due to a change in the Company's assertion to permanently reinvest a portion of its undistributed foreign earnings in China. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2022 is higher than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% primarily due to withholding taxes and tax reserves, partially offset by lower taxes on non-U.S. earnings and the previously mentioned change in assertion to permanently reinvest a portion of its undistributed foreign earnings.

Historically, the Company has not made an assertion to permanently reinvest its undistributed foreign earnings. In the second quarter of 2022, the Company changed its assertion to permanently reinvest a portion (approximately \$300 million) of its undistributed foreign earnings for China specific to the entity's investment in intellectual property.

The effective tax rate can vary from quarter to quarter due to changes in the Company's global mix of earnings, the resolution of income tax audits, changes in tax laws (including updated guidance on U.S. tax reform), deductions related to employee share-based payments, internal restructurings and pension mark-to-market adjustments.

Note 6. Accounts, Notes and Other Receivables-Net

	•	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021		
		(Dollars in millions)			
Trade receivables	\$	552	\$ 553		
Notes receivable		84	121		
Other receivables		83	78		
		719	752		
Less—Allowance for expected credit losses		(6)	(5)		
	\$	713	\$ 747		

Trade receivables include \$58 million and \$63 million of unbilled customer contract asset balances as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. These amounts are billed in accordance with the terms of customer contracts to which they relate. See Note 3, *Revenue Recognition and Contracts with Customers*.

Notes receivable is related to guaranteed bank notes without recourse that the Company receives in settlement of accounts receivables, primarily in the Asia Pacific region. See Note 7, *Factoring and Notes Receivable* for further information.

Note 7. Factoring and Notes Receivable

The Company enters into arrangements with financial institutions to sell eligible trade receivables. The receivables are sold without recourse and the Company accounts for these arrangements as true sales. The Company also receives guaranteed bank notes without recourse, in settlement of accounts receivables, primarily in the Asia Pacific region. The Company can hold the bank notes until maturity, exchange them with suppliers to settle liabilities, or sell them to third-



party financial institutions in exchange for cash. Bank notes sold to third-party financial institutions without recourse are likewise accounted for as true sales.

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended			une 30,
	 2022		2021		2022		2021
			(Dollars i	n millions)			
Eligible receivables sold without recourse	\$ 226	\$	153	\$	370	\$	333
Guaranteed bank notes sold without recourse	38		—		66		

The expenses related to the sale of trade receivables and guaranteed bank notes are recognized within Other expense, net in the consolidated interim statements of operations, and were immaterial for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022.

	ne 30, 022	December 31, 2021
	(Dollars in mil	lions)
Receivables sold but not yet collected by the bank from the customer	\$ 77 \$	26
Guaranteed bank notes sold but not yet collected by the bank from the customer	24	—

As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company has pledged as collateral \$1 million and \$5 million of guaranteed bank notes, respectively, which have not been sold in order to be able to issue bank notes as payment to certain suppliers. Such pledged amounts are included as Notes receivable in our Consolidated Interim Balance Sheet.

Note 8. Inventories—Net

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021		
	 (Dollars in millions)			
Raw materials	\$ 188	\$ 162		
Work in process	19	19		
Finished products	97	92		
	304	273		
Less—Reserves	(20)	(29)		
	\$ 284	\$ 244		

Note 9. Other Assets

	June 30, 2022	December 2021	• 31,
	 (Dollars i	n millions)	
Advanced discounts to customers, non-current	\$ 55	\$	61
Operating right-of-use assets (Note 12)	47		51
Income tax receivable	27		27
Pension and other employee related	15		15
Designated cross-currency swaps	78		30
Designated and undesignated derivatives	41		7
Other	9		9
	\$ 272	\$	200

Note 10. Accrued Liabilities

	June 30, 2022	December 2021	31,
	 (Dollars i	n millions)	
Customer pricing reserve	\$ 64	\$	72
Compensation, benefit and other employee related	60		76
Repositioning	8		10
Product warranties and performance guarantees - short-term (Note 19)	20		21
Income and other taxes	34		25
Advanced discounts from suppliers, current	11		14
Customer advances and deferred income ⁽¹⁾	30		23
Accrued interest	8		8
Short-term lease liability (Note 12)	9		9
Accrued freight	16		11
Other (primarily operating expenses) ⁽²⁾	27		26
	\$ 287	\$	295

(1) Customer advances and deferred income include \$6 million and \$5 million of contract liabilities as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. See Note 3, *Revenue Recognition and Contracts with Customers*.

(2) Includes \$4 million and \$3 million of environmental liabilities as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

The Company accrues repositioning costs related to projects to optimize its product costs and right-size our organizational structure. Expenses related to the repositioning accruals are included in Cost of goods sold and Selling, general and administrative expenses in our Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations.

	Severance Costs	Exit Costs	Total
		(Dollars in millions)	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 10	\$	\$ 10
Charges	2	—	2
Usage—cash	(4)	—	(4)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 8	\$	\$ 8

	Severan	ice Costs	Exit Costs	Total	
		(Dollars in millions)			
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	7 \$	— \$	7	
Charges		11	—	11	
Usage—cash		(4)		(4)	
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	14 \$	— \$	14	

Note 11. Other Liabilities

	June 30, 2022	Decem 20	
	(Dollars i	n millions)	
Income taxes	\$ 114	\$	106
Pension and other employee related	54		61
Long-term lease liability (Note 12)	39		42
Advanced discounts from suppliers	10		16
Product warranties and performance guarantees - long-term (Note 19)	10		11
Environmental remediation – long term	14		15
Other	19		18
	\$ 260	\$	269

Note 12. Leases

We have operating leases that primarily consist of real estate, machinery and equipment. Our leases have remaining lease terms of up to 16 years, some of which include options to extend the leases for up to two years, and some of which include options to terminate the leases within the year.

The components of lease expense are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2022		2021	2022				2021			
	(Dollars in millions)										
Operating lease cost	\$ 4		\$	4	9	5	8	\$		8	

Supplemental cash flow information related to operating leases is as follows:

	Three Mo Jui	nths E ne 30,	nded	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2022		2021	2022	2021		
			(Dollars in millions)				
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:							
Operating cash outflows from operating leases	\$ 3	\$	3 \$	6 \$	6		
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:							
Operating leases	1		4	2	5		

Supplemental balance sheet information related to operating leases is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021			
	(Dollars in millions)				
Other assets	\$ 47 \$	51			
Accrued liabilities	9	9			
Other liabilities	39	42			

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Weighted-average remaining lease term (in years)	8.77	8.88
Weighted-average discount rate	5.59 %	5.65 %

Maturities of operating lease liabilities as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	(Dollars in millions)
2022	\$ 6
2023	10
2024	8
2025	6
2026	6
Thereafter	25
Total lease payments	61
Less imputed interest	(13)
	\$ 48

Note 13. Long-term Debt and Credit Agreements

The principal outstanding and carrying amounts of our long-term debt as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Due	Interest Rate	June 30, 2022
Dollar Facility	4/30/2028	4.49 %	\$ 7
Euro Facility	4/30/2028	3.50 %	4
Total principal outstanding			1,1
Less: unamortized deferred financing costs			(
Less: current portion of long-term debt			
Total long-term debt			\$ 1,1

Credit Facilities

On the Effective Date, in accordance with the Plan, the Company entered into a credit agreement (as amended from time to time, the "Credit Agreement") providing for senior secured financing, consisting of a seven-year secured first-lien U.S. Dollar term loan facility initially in the amount of \$715 million (the "Dollar Term Facility"), a seven-year secured first-lien Euro term loan facility initially in the amount of €450 million (the "Euro Term Facility," and together with the Dollar Facility, the "Term Loan Facilities"); and a five-year secured first-lien revolving credit facility initially in the amount of \$300 million providing for multi-currency revolving loans, (the "Revolving Facility," and together with the Term Loan Facilities, the "Credit Facilities"). On January 11, 2022 and March 22, 2022, the Company amended the Credit Agreement, increasing the maximum amount of borrowings available under the Revolving Facility from \$300 million to approximately \$475 million. The maturity date of the Revolving Facility remains unchanged at April 30, 2026, with certain extension rights at the discretion of each lender.

Under the first amendment, LIBOR was replaced as an available rate at which borrowings under the Revolving Facility could accrue with, for loans borrowed in U.S. Dollars, the daily overnight secured financing rate ("SOFR") published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and for loans borrowed in Australian Dollars, the average bid reference rate administered by ASX Benchmarks Pty Limited. The Term Loan Facilities under the Credit Agreement continue to be able to accrue interest under the London Inter-bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), but will switch to an alternative benchmark rate upon the cessation of LIBOR after June 30, 2023. The Euro Facilities under the Credit Agreement continue to accrue interest under the Euro Interbank Offered Rate ("EURIBOR").

The second amendment also removed the requirement that payments made in cash for the benefit of holders of the Series A Preferred Stock on or before December 31, 2022 be made on a ratable basis to the holders of the Common Stock, and made additional clarifying amendments to certain provisions.

The amendments to our Credit Agreement as described above were accounted under ASC 470-50, *Debt Modifications and Extinguishments* as a debt modification that did not result in an extinguishment or have a material impact on our Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.



Under the Revolving Facility, the Company may use up to \$125 million for the issuance of letters of credit to the Swiss Borrower or any of its subsidiaries. Letters of credit are available for issuance under the Credit Agreement on terms and conditions customary for financings of this kind, which issuances reduce availability under the Revolving Facility. As of June 30, 2022 the Company had no loans outstanding under the Revolving Facility, no outstanding letters of credit, and available borrowing capacity of approximately \$475 million.

Separate from the Revolving Facility, the Company has a \$35 million bilateral letter of credit facility, which also matures on April 30, 2026. As of June 30, 2022, the Company had \$13 million utilized and \$22 million of remaining available capacity under such facility.

Interest Rate and Fees

The Dollar Term Facility is subject to an interest rate, at our option, of either (a) an alternate base rate ("ABR") (which shall not be less than 1.50%) or (b) an adjusted LIBOR rate ("LIBOR") (which shall not be less than 0.50%), in each case, plus an applicable margin equal to 3.25% in the case of LIBOR loans and 2.25% in the case of ABR loans. The Euro Term Facility is subject to an interest rate equal to an adjusted EURIBOR rate ("EURIBOR") (which shall not be less than zero) plus an applicable margin equal to 3.50%. Interest payments with respect to the Dollar and Euro Term Facilities are required either on a quarterly basis (for ABR loans) or at the end of each interest period (for LIBOR and EURIBOR loans) or, if the duration of the applicable interest period exceeds three months, then every three months.

The Revolving Facility is subject to an interest rate comprised of an applicable benchmark rate as provided under the Credit Agreement (which shall not be less than 1.00% if such benchmark is the ABR rate and not less than 0.00% in the case of other applicable benchmark rates) that is selected based on the currency in which borrowings are outstanding thereunder, in each case, plus an applicable margin, that may vary based on our leverage ratio.

In addition to paying interest on outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Facility, we are also required to pay a quarterly commitment fee based on the average daily unused portion of the Revolving Facility during such quarter, which is determined by our leverage ratio and ranges from 0.25% to 0.50% per annum.

Prepayments

The Credit Agreement also contains certain mandatory prepayment provisions in the event that we incur certain types of indebtedness, receive net cash proceeds from certain non-ordinary course asset sales or other dispositions of property or, starting with the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2022, have excess cash flow (calculated on an annual basis with the required prepayment equal to 50%, 25% or 0% of such excess cash flow, subject to compliance with certain leverage ratios), in each case subject to terms and conditions customary for financings of this kind.

Certain Covenants

The Credit Agreement contains certain affirmative and negative covenants customary for financings of this type. The Revolving Facility also contains a financial covenant requiring the maintenance of a consolidated total leverage ratio of not greater than 4.7 times as of the end of each fiscal quarter if, on the last day of any such fiscal quarter, the aggregate amount of loans and letters of credit (excluding backstopped or cash collateralized letters of credit and other letters of credit with an aggregate face amount not exceeding \$30 million) outstanding under the Revolving Facility exceeds 35% of the aggregate commitments in effect thereunder on such date.

As of June 30, 2022, the Company was in compliance with all covenants.

The Credit Agreement also contained certain restrictions on the Company's ability to pay cash dividends on or to redeem or otherwise acquire for cash the Series A Preferred Stock unless a ratable payment (on an as-converted basis) was made to holders of our common equity and such payments would otherwise be permitted under the terms of the Credit Agreement. These restrictions were removed as part of the credit amendments noted above.

The Company's ability to pay cash dividends on shares of Common Stock is also subject to conditions set forth in the Certificate of Designations for the Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series A Certificate of Designations") as described in Note 21, *Equity*, of the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2021 included in our 2021 Form 10-K. On March 3, 2022, the terms of the Series A Certificate of Designations were further amended to (i) expand the scope of permitted Distributions on Dividend Junior Stock (each as defined in the Series A Certificate of Designations) to include purchases by the Company of shares of Dividend Junior Stock in individually negotiated transactions, (ii) remove the requirement that dividends or Distributions on Dividend

Junior Stock must occur on or prior to December 31, 2022, and (iii) expressly permit the purchase, redemption or other acquisition for cash by the Company of shares of Dividend Junior Stock without requiring ratable participation by holders of Series A Preferred Stock.

Note 14. Mandatorily Redeemable Series B Preferred Stock

On June 28, 2022, the Company completed the early redemption of its remaining outstanding Series B Preferred Stock. Under this final early redemption, the Company redeemed 271,628,259 shares of its Series B Preferred Stock for an aggregate price of \$212 million. The Company recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$5 million within the Condensed Interim Statement of Operations related to the early redemption.

Note 15. Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measures

Our credit, market and foreign currency risk management policies are described in Note 19, *Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measures*, to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 included in our 2021 Form 10-K. As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, we had contracts with aggregate gross notional amounts of \$2,616 million and \$2,788 million, respectively, to hedge interest rates and foreign currencies, principally the U.S. Dollar, Swiss Franc, British Pound, Euro, Chinese Yuan, Japanese Yen, Mexican Peso, New Romanian Leu, Czech Koruna, Australian Dollar and Korean Won.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The FASB's accounting guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (exit price). Financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

					Fair Value									
		Notional Amounts				As	sets		Liabilities					
		June 30, 2022	Dec	December 31, 2021		June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021			June 30, 2022		ember 31, 2021		
Designated instruments:					_									
Designated forward currency exchange contracts	\$	534	\$	382	\$	31	\$	9 (a)	\$	5	\$	1 (c)		
Designated cross-currency swap		715		715		78		30 (b)				—		
Total designated instruments		1,249		1,097		109		39		5		1		
Undesignated instruments:														
Undesignated interest rate swap		866		940		41		7 (a)				—		
Undesignated forward currency exchange contracts	e	501		751		4		2 (a)		3		4 (c)		
Total undesignated instruments		1,367		1,691		45		9		3		4		
Total designated and undesignated instruments	\$	2,616	\$	2,788	\$	154	\$	48	\$	8	\$	5		

(a) Recorded within Other current assets

(b) Recorded within Other assets

(c) Recorded within Accrued liabilities

As of June 30, 2022, the Company had outstanding interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \in 830 million, with maturities of April 2023, April 2024, April 2025, April 2026 and April 2027. The Company uses interest rate swaps specifically to mitigate variable interest risk exposure on its long-term debt portfolio and has not designated them as hedging instruments for accounting purposes.

The cross-currency swaps have been designated as net investment hedges of its Euro-denominated operations. As of June 30, 2022, an aggregate notional amount of 6066 million was designated as net investment hedges of the Company's investment in Euro-denominated operations. The cross-currency swaps' fair values were net assets of \$78 million at June 30, 2022. Our Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income include Changes in fair value of net investment hedges, net of tax, of \$29 million and \$42 million, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, related to these net investment hedges. No ineffectiveness has been recorded on the net investment hedges.

The Company's forward currency exchange contracts under our cash flow hedging program are assessed as highly effective and are designated as cash flow hedges. Gains and losses on derivatives qualifying as cash flow hedges are recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) until the underlying transactions are recognized in earnings.

The foreign currency exchange, interest rate swap and cross-currency swap contracts are valued using market observable inputs. As such, these derivative instruments are classified within Level 2. The assumptions used in measuring the fair value of the cross-currency swap are considered Level 2 inputs, which are based upon market-observable interest rate curves, cross-currency basis curves, credit default swap curves, and foreign exchange rates.

The carrying value of Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, Account receivables and Notes and Other receivables contained in the Consolidated Interim Balance Sheet approximates fair value.

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities that were not carried at fair value:

		June 30, 202	22	December 31, 2021				
	Car	rying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value		Fair Value		
			(Dollars in	n millions)				
Term Loan Facilities	\$	1,146 \$	1,098	\$ 1,	188 \$	1,227		

The Company determined the fair value of certain of its long-term debt and related current maturities utilizing transactions in the listed markets for similar liabilities. As such, the fair value of the long-term debt and related current maturities is considered Level 2.

Note 16. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by component are set forth below:

	Foreign Exchange Translation Adjustment		Changes in Fair Value of Effective Cash Flow Hedges		Changes in Fair Value of Net Investment Hedges		Pension Adjustments	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
					(Dollars in millions)			
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ (81)	\$		(3)	\$	\$	(45)	\$ (129)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	43			2	15		_	60
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	_			3	_		_	3
Net current period other comprehensive income	 43			5	15		_	63
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ (38)	\$		2	\$ 15	\$	(45)	\$ (66)
		_				-		



		Foreign Exchange Translation Adjustment		Changes in Fair Value of Effective Cash Flow Hedges		nges in Fair Value of Investment Hedges	Pension Adjustments	,	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
					(Do	ollars in millions)			
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	(43)	\$	7	\$	41	\$ (9)	\$	(4)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications		3		29		42			74
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		_		(12)		_			(12)
Net current period other comprehensive income		3		17		42	 		62
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	(40)	\$	24	\$	83	\$ (9)	\$	58
	_		-		-			-	

Note 17. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated using the two-class method pursuant to the issuance of our Series A Preferred Stock on the Effective Date. Our Series A Preferred Stock is considered a participating security because holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will also be entitled to such dividends paid to holders of Common Stock to the same extent on an as-converted basis. The two-class method requires an allocation of earnings to all securities that participate in dividends with common shares, such as our Series A Preferred Stock, to the extent that each security may share in the entity's earnings. Basic earnings per share are then calculated by dividing undistributed earnings allocated to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. The Series A Preferred Stock is not included in the computation of basic earnings per share in periods in which we have a net loss, as the Series A Preferred Stock is not contractually obligated to share in our net losses.

Diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is calculated using the more dilutive of the two-class or if-converted methods. The two-class method uses net income available to common shareholders and assumes conversion of all potential shares other than the participating securities. The if-converted method uses net income and assumes conversion of all potential shares including the participating securities.

The details of the EPS calculations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Three Mo Jun	 	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2022	2021		2022		2021
		(Dollars in million	s exc	ept per share)		
Basic earnings per share:						
Net income	\$ 85	\$ 409	\$	173	\$	304
Less: preferred stock dividend	(39)	(24)		(77)		(24)
Net income available for distribution	 46	 385		96		280
Less: earnings allocated to participating securities	(36)	 (271)		(76)		(150)
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 10	\$ 114	\$	20	\$	130
Weighted average common shares outstanding- Basic	 64,839,157	69,667,651		64,689,673		72,862,102
EPS – Basic	\$ 0.15	\$ 1.63	\$	0.31	\$	1.79
Diluted earnings per share:						
Method used:	Two-class	If-converted		Two-class		If-converted
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic	64,839,157	69,667,651		64,689,673		72,862,102
Dilutive effect of unvested RSUs and other contingently issuable shares	263,005	_		217,616		
Dilutive effect of participating securities	_	247,768,962		_		247,768,982
Weighted average common shares outstanding – Diluted	 65,102,162	 317,436,613		64,907,289		320,631,084
EPS – Diluted	\$ 0.15	\$ 1.29	\$	0.31	\$	0.95

The diluted earnings per share calculations exclude the effect of stock options when the options' assumed proceeds exceed the average market price of the common shares during the period. There were no options outstanding as of or during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, the weighted average number of stock options excluded from the computations was 128,499 and 263,245, respectively.

Note 18. Related Party Transactions

We lease certain facilities and receive property maintenance services from Honeywell, which was the owner of our Series B Preferred Stock and appoints a director to our board of directors (the "Board"). We also contract with Honeywell for the occasional purchase of certain goods and services. Lease and service agreements were made at commercial terms prevalent in the market at the time they were executed.

	Three Months En June 30,	ded	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2022	2021	2022	2021			
		(Dollars in mi	llions)				
Payments under agreements with Honeywell	\$ 2 \$	2 \$	4 \$	4			

Our payments under the agreements with Honeywell were included in Cost of goods sold and Selling, general and administrative expenses in our Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations. Related to the agreements with Honeywell, our Consolidated Interim Balance Sheet at June 30, 2022 and our Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2021 includes liabilities of \$10 million and \$15 million, respectively. Liability balances are primarily related to lease contracts of \$7 million and \$12 million as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

Note 19. Commitments and Contingencies

Chapter 11 Cases

On the Effective Date, the conditions to effectiveness of the Plan were satisfied or waived and the Company emerged from bankruptcy. Since the Effective Date, the reorganized Debtors have been administering and reconciling outstanding proofs of claim and proofs of interest filed against the Debtors. All of the Chapter 11 Cases other than the main lead Chapter 11 Case of the Company have been closed. The main Chapter 11 Case of the Company will remain open until all proofs of claim and proofs of interest are fully administered. Refer to Note 1, *Background and Basis of Presentation*, for additional information.

Securities Litigation

On September 25, 2020, a putative securities class action complaint was filed against Garrett Motion Inc. and certain current and former Garrett officers and directors in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. The case bears the caption: *Steven Husson, Individually and On Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated, v. Garrett Motion Inc., Olivier Rabiller, Alessandro Gili, Peter Bracke, Sean Deason, and Su Ping Lu, Case No.* 1:20-cv-07992-JPC (SDNY) (the "Husson Action"). The Husson Action asserted claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended (the "Exchange Act"), for securities fraud and control person liability. On September 28, 2020, the plaintiff sought to voluntarily dismiss his claim against Garrett Motion Inc. in light of the Company's bankruptcy; this request was granted.

On October 5, 2020, another putative securities class action complaint was filed against certain current and former Garrett officers and directors in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. This case bears the caption: *The Gabelli Asset Fund, The Gabelli Dividend & Income Trust, The Gabelli Value 25 Fund Inc., The Gabelli Equity Trust Inc., SM Investors LP and SM Investors II LP, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, v. Su Ping Lu, Olivier Rabiller, Alessandro Gili, Peter Bracke, Sean Deason, Craig Balis, Thierry Mabru, Russell James, Carlos M. Cardoso, Maura J. Clark, Courtney M. Enghauser; Susan L. Main, Carsten Reinhardt, and Scott A. Tozier, Case No. 1:20-cv-08296-JPC (SDNY) (the "Gabelli Action"). The Gabelli Action also asserted claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act.*

On November 5, 2020, another putative securities class action complaint was filed against certain current and former Garrett officers and directors in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. This case bears the caption: *Joseph Froehlich, Individually and On Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated, v. Olivier Rabiller, Allesandro Gili, Peter Bracke, Sean Deason, and Su Ping Lu, Case No.* 1:20-cv-09279-JPC (SDNY) (the "Froehlich Action"). The Froehlich Action also asserted claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act.

The actions were assigned to Judge John P. Cronan. On November 24, 2020, competing motions were filed seeking the appointment of lead plaintiff and lead counsel and the consolidation of the Husson, Gabelli, and Froehlich Actions.

On December 8, 2020, counsel for the plaintiffs in the Gabelli Action — the Entwistle & Cappucci law firm — filed an unopposed stipulation and proposed order that would (1) appoint the plaintiffs in the Gabelli Action — the "Gabelli Entities" — the lead plaintiffs; (2) would appoint Entwistle & Cappucci as lead counsel for the plaintiff class; and (3) consolidate the Gabelli Action, the Husson Action, and the Froehlich Action (the "Consolidated D&O Action"). On January 21, 2021, the Court granted the motion to consolidate the actions and granted the Gabelli Entities" motions for appointment as lead plaintiff and for selection of lead counsel. On February 25, 2021, plaintiffs filed a Consolidated Amended Complaint.

The Company's insurer, AIG, has accepted the defense, subject to the customary reservation of rights.

The Company agreed with the Gabelli Entities and their lead counsel to permit a class claim to be recognized in the bankruptcy court and to have securities claims against the Company to be litigated in the district court alongside the Consolidated D&O Action. The Gabelli Entities have agreed that any recoveries against Garrett Motion Inc. on account of securities claims litigated through the class claim are limited to available insurance policy proceeds. On July 2, 2021, the bankruptcy court entered an order approving the joint request from the Company and the Gabelli Entities to handle the securities claims against Garrett Motion Inc. in this manner.

The Gabelli Entities were authorized, and on July 22, 2021 filed a second amended complaint to add claims against Garrett Motion Inc. On August 11, 2021, Garrett Motion Inc., Olivier Rabiller, Alessandro Gili, Peter Bracke, Sean Deason, Russell James, Carlos Cardoso, Maura Clark, Courtney Enghauser, Susan Main, Carsten Reinhardt, and Scott

Tozier filed a motion to dismiss with respect to claims asserted against them. On the same day, Su Ping Lu, who is represented separately, filed a motion to dismiss with respect to the claims asserted against her. Lead plaintiffs' opposition to the motions to dismiss was filed on October 26, 2021, and the defendant's reply briefs were filed on or before December 8, 2021. On March 31, 2022, the judge dismissed the complaints entirely - Su Ping Lu's motion to dismiss was granted with prejudice while the court granted the plaintiffs 30 days to file a third amended complaint against the Company and the other defendants.

On May 2, 2022, the plaintiffs filed a Third Amended Complaint ("TAC") against all of the foregoing Defendants apart from Alessandro Gili and Su Ping Lu. On June 24, 2022, defendants moved to dismiss the TAC in its entirety, with prejudice, and briefing on the defendants' motion is expected to be complete in September 2022.

Brazilian Tax Matter

In September 2020, the Brazilian tax authorities issued an infraction notice against Garrett Motion Industria Automotiva Brasil Ltda, challenging the use of certain tax credits ("Befiex Credits") between January 2017 and February 2020. The infraction notice results in a loss contingency that may or may not ultimately be incurred by the Company. The estimated total amount of the contingency as of June 30, 2022 was \$32 million, including penalties and interest. The Company appealed the infraction notice on October 23, 2020. In March 2021, in response to our request, the Brazilian Tax Authorities reconsidered their position for a portion of the \$32 million mentioned above and allowed Garrett Motion Brazil the right to offset Federal Tax with the Befiex Credits. The letter does not qualify as a formal decision and requires formal recognition from the Judge and from the Federal Judgement Office in charge of the disputes. In August 2021, the \$32 million claim was however suspended until Garrett Motion Brazil receives a final judicial decision. The Company believes, based on management's assessment and the advice of external legal counsel, that it has meritorious arguments in connection with the infraction notice and any liability for the infraction notice is currently not probable. Accordingly, no accrual is required at this time.

Warranties and Guarantees

In the normal course of business, we issue product warranties and product performance guarantees. We accrue for the estimated cost of product warranties and performance guarantees based on contract terms and historical experience at the time of sale to the customer. Adjustments to initial obligations for warranties and guarantees are made as changes to the obligations become reasonably estimable. Product warranties and product performance guarantees are included in Accrued Liabilities and Other Liabilities. The following table summarizes information concerning our recorded obligations for product warranties and product performance guarantees.

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months June 3			
	2022		2021	2022		2021	
			(Dollars i	n milli	ons)		
Warranty and product performance guarantees at beginning of period	\$ 32	\$	32	\$	32	\$ 14	
Accruals for warranties/guarantees issued during the year	4		5		7	11	
Settlement of warranty/guarantee claims	(5)		(5)		(8)	(9)	
Amounts reclassified from Liabilities subject to compromise			_		_	16	
Foreign currency translation	(1)		_		(1)	_	
Warranty and product performance guarantees at end of period	\$ 30	\$	32	\$	30	\$ 32	

Other Commitments and Contingencies

We are subject to other lawsuits, investigations and disputes arising out of the conduct of our business, including matters relating to commercial transactions, government contracts, product liability, prior acquisitions and divestitures, employee benefit plans, intellectual property and environmental, health and safety matters. We recognize a liability for any contingency that is probable of occurring and reasonably estimable. We continually assess the likelihood of adverse judgments of outcomes in these matters, as well as potential ranges of possible losses (taking into consideration any insurance recoveries), based on a careful analysis of each matter with the assistance of outside legal counsel and, if applicable, other experts.



Note 20. Pension Benefits

We sponsor several funded U.S. and non-U.S. defined benefit pension plans. Significant plans outside the U.S. are in Switzerland and Ireland. Other pension plans outside the U.S. are not material to the Company, either individually or in the aggregate.

Our general funding policy for qualified defined benefit pension plans is to contribute amounts at least sufficient to satisfy regulatory funding standards. We are not required to make any contributions to our U.S. pension plan in 2022. We expect to make contributions of cash and/or marketable securities of approximately \$7 million to our non-U.S. pension plans to satisfy regulatory funding standards in 2022, of which \$3 million has been contributed as of June 30, 2022.

Net periodic benefit costs for our significant defined benefit plans include the following components:

		Three Months Ended June 30,						Six Months Ended June 30,						
		U.S. F	Plans	Non-U.S. Plan		U.S. Plans				Non-U.S. Plan				
	2	:022	2021		2022		2021		2022	2021		2022		2021
							(Dollars i	n milli	ons)					
Service cost	\$	_	\$ —	\$	2	\$	3	\$	_ 5	\$1	\$	4	\$	5
Interest cost		1	1		1		_		2	2		1		1
Expected return on plan assets		(2)	(3)		(1)		(2)		(4)	(5))	(3)		(3)
	\$	(1)	\$ (2)	\$	2	\$	1	\$	(2)	\$ (2)	\$	2	\$	3

For both our U.S. and non-U.S. defined benefit pension plans, we estimate the service and interest cost components of net periodic benefit (income) cost by utilizing a full yield curve approach in the estimation of these cost components by applying the specific spot rates along the yield curve used in the determination of the pension benefit obligation to their underlying projected cash flows. This approach provides a more precise measurement of service and interest costs by improving the correlation between projected cash flows and their corresponding spot rates.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations, which we refer to as our "MD&A," should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Interim Financial Statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as well as the audited annual Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, included in our Form 10-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 14, 2022 (our "2021 Form 10-K"). Some of the information contained in this MD&A or set forth elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. As a result of many important factors, including those set forth in the "Risk Factors" section of our 2021 Form 10-K and this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our actual results could differ materially from the results described in, or implied, by these forward-looking statements.

The following MD&A is intended to help you understand the results of operations and financial condition of Garrett Motion Inc., for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022.

Executive Summary

Our net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2022 were \$859 million, representing a decrease of \$76 million or 8% (including an unfavorable impact of \$73 million or 8% due to foreign currency translation) compared to the prior year. Our sales, net of the impacts of foreign currency translation, outpaced global light vehicle production (as estimated by IHS Markit ("IHS"), now part of S&P Global) by approximately 6% driven by successful recoveries on inflation pass through. We saw new product launches on gasoline which increased our share of demand. Our volumes however were impacted by the ongoing global semiconductor shortage despite strong underlying demand for light vehicles, further accentuated by an improved second quarter of 2021 due to accumulated pent-up demand from 2020. The continued COVID-related lockdown measures in China also continued to impact our sales for the quarter.

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, our light vehicle product sales (which comprise diesel and gasoline products, including products for passenger cars, SUVs, light trucks, and other products) accounted for approximately 68% of our revenues. Commercial vehicle product sales (products for on- and off-highway trucks, construction, agriculture and power-generation machines) accounted for 18% of our revenues. Our OEM sales contributed approximately 86% of our revenues while our aftermarket and other products contributed 14% of our revenues. Approximately 51% of our revenues came from sales to customers located in Europe, 27% from sales to customers located in Asia, 20% from sales to customers in North America, and 2% from sales to customers in other international markets.

On June 28, 2022, the Company completed the third and final early redemption of all its remaining outstanding Series B Preferred Stock. Under this final early redemption, the Company redeemed 271,628,259 shares of its Series B Preferred Stock for an aggregate price of \$212 million.

Macroeconomic disruptions

The automotive industry continues to be impacted by uncertainty due to worldwide semiconductor shortages, the COVID-19 pandemic, governmental responses to the pandemic including the lockdown measures in China, and geopolitical tensions in particular from the ongoing military conflict between Russia and Ukraine. The automotive OEMs have already reduced production plans for the first two quarters of 2022, and while the semiconductor shortage is expected to improve in the second half 2022, production levels may be reduced should COVID-related lockdown measures persist or extend, or the conflict between Russia and Ukraine escalates or expands. The Company continues to review production levels at OEM plants and closely monitor supply-chain disruptions related to logistics and component shortages in order to minimize the impact of the bottleneck in supply and mitigate any potential disruption in production. Additionally, we implemented new procedures in 2021 for the monitoring of supplier risks and we believe we have substantially addressed such risks with manageable economic impacts including use of premium freight or adjusted payment terms that are limited in time. However, it is possible that additional supply chain constraints may appear for the industry as the global supply chain restarts. Finally, we have prepared contingency plans for multiple scenarios that we believe will allow us to react swiftly to changes in customer demand while protecting Garrett's long-term growth potential.

Trends

The turbocharger industry is expected to increase from approximately 43 million units in 2021 to approximately 49 million units by 2026, according to IHS for light vehicle and Knibb, Gormezano and Partners ("KGP") and Power Systems Research ("PSR") for commercial vehicle on-highway and off-highway. The turbocharger industry growth is mainly driven

by an expected increase in the penetration of hybrid vehicles, from 10 million hybrid cars globally in 2021 to an anticipated 28 million hybrid cars globally in 2026.

In the short to medium term, we continue to believe that turbocharger demand will grow as turbochargers remain one of the most cost-efficient levers to improve the fuel efficiency of conventional gasoline and diesel vehicles as well as hybrid vehicles. In addition, fuel cell vehicles also require a high-performance electric boosting system. In the commercial vehicle industry, we expect a slower transition to battery electric vehicles ("BEV"), due to specific mission profile and associated range and charging time constraints, which translates into more resilient turbocharger demand, as most commercial vehicles are turbocharged. In addition, low or zero emission alternative fuels for internal combustion engines ("ICE"), like natural gas or hydrogen, are expected to gain momentum in coming years, supporting continued turbocharger demand. We expect growth in the turbocharger industry in all regions, with special mention for high-growth regions in Asia, where rising income levels continue to drive long-term automotive and vehicle component demand. While these positive factors do not isolate the turbocharger industry from fluctuations in global vehicle production volumes, such factors may mitigate the negative impact of macroeconomic cycles.

The global turbocharger industry is traditionally subject to inflationary pressures with respect to raw materials which place operational and profitability burdens on the entire supply chain. Given the recent macroeconomic disruptions including the geopolitical tensions from the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict, we expect to see continued commodity cost volatility which could have an impact on future earnings. Accordingly, we continue to seek to mitigate both inflationary pressures and our material-related cost exposures by negotiating commodity cost contract escalation or pass-through agreements with customers and cost reductions with suppliers. Our sales predictability in the short term might also be impacted by sudden changes in customer demand, driven by our OEM customers' supply-chain management.

The following tables show our revenues by geographic region and product line for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

By Geography

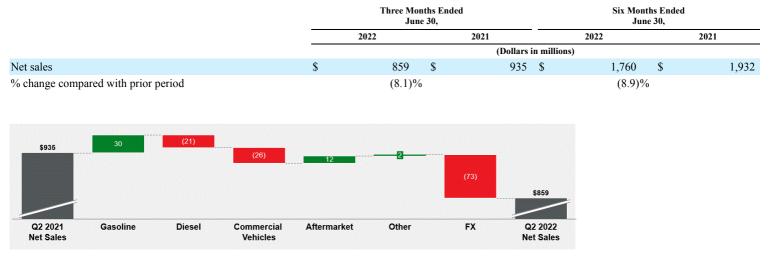
Three Months Ended June 30,						Six Months Ended June 30,					
 2022		2021			_	2022			2021		
				(Dollar	rs in millio	ns)					
\$ 173	20%	\$	142	15%	\$	326	18%	\$	280	15%	
440	51%		480	52%		891	51%		1,008	52%	
227	27%		301	32%		509	29%		620	32%	
19	2%		12	1%		34	2%		24	1%	
\$ 859		\$	935		\$	1,760		\$	1,932		
\$ \$ \$	\$ 173 440 227 19	2022 \$ 173 20% 440 51% 227 27% 19 2% 2% 2%	June 30, 2022 \$ 173 20% \$ 440 51% 227 27% 19 2%	June 30, 2022 2021 \$ 173 20% \$ 142 440 51% 480 227 27% 301 19 2% 12	June 30, 2022 2021 (Dollar \$ 173 20% \$ 142 15% 440 51% 480 52% 227 27% 301 32% 19 2% 12 1%	June 30, 2022 2021 (Dollars in millio \$ 173 20% \$ 142 15% \$ 440 51% 480 52% 227 27% 301 32% 19 2% 12 1% 1% 1% 1%	June 30, 2022 2021 2022 (Dollars in millions) \$ 173 20% \$ 142 15% \$ 326 440 51% 480 52% 891 227 27% 301 32% 509 19 2% 12 1% 34 34	June 30, J June 30, 2021 (Dollars in millions) (Dollars in millions) \$ 173 20% \$ 142 15% \$ 326 18% 440 51% 480 52% 891 51% 227 27% 301 32% 509 29% 19 2% 12 1% 34 2%	June 30, June 30, 2022 2021 2022 (Dollars in millions) \$ 173 20% \$ 142 15% \$ 326 18% \$ 440 51% 480 52% 891 51% 227 27% 301 32% 509 29% 19 2% 12 1% 34 2%	June 30, June 30, 2022 2021 2022 2021 (Dollars in millions) \$ 173 20% \$ 142 15% \$ 326 18% \$ 280 440 51% 480 52% 891 51% 1,008 227 27% 301 32% 509 29% 620 19 2% 12 1% 34 2% 24	

By Product Line

	Three Months Ended June 30,						Six Months Ended June 30,					
	 2022	2022 2021			_	2022			2021			
			(Dollars in millions)									
Diesel	\$ 237	27%	\$	285	30%	\$	491	28%	\$	597	31%	
Gas	345	40%		342	37%		708	40%		734	38%	
Commercial Vehicle	154	18%		191	20%		320	18%		376	19%	
Aftermarket	108	13%		102	11%		213	12%		193	10%	
Other	15	2%		15	2%		28	2%		32	2%	
Total	\$ 859		\$	935		\$	1,760		\$	1,932		

Results of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2022

Net Sales



For the three months ended June 30, 2022, net sales decreased compared to prior year by \$76 million or 8%, driven by an unfavorable impact of \$73 million or 8% due to foreign currency translation driven by a lower Euro-to-US dollar exchange rate, and lower volumes offset by \$28 million of inflation recoveries net of pricing across all product lines.

Gasoline product sales increased by \$3 million or 1% (including an unfavorable impact of \$27 million or 8% due to foreign currency translation), primarily due to favorable impacts from new product launches in North America which delivered incremental sales year over year, and partially offset by lower sales in China due to the continued COVID-related lockdown measures implemented by the Chinese government which were lifted only in June 2022.

Diesel product sales decreased by \$48 million or 17% (including an unfavorable impact of \$27 million or 10% due to foreign currency translation). This decrease was mainly due to the continued global semiconductor shortage and other supply shortages at customers due to the ongoing geopolitical crisis and pandemic related disruptions, as well as the impact of higher sales for the three months ended June 30, 2021 brought about by recovery in customer demand following pandemic-related disruptions in 2020.

Commercial vehicle sales decreased by \$37 million or 19% (including an unfavorable impact of \$11 million or 6% due to foreign currency translation), primarily driven by the continued COVID-related lockdown situations in China that limited our production output, combined with market declines following the implementation of heightened China 6a emissions standards for heavy-duty trucks on July 1, 2021. Commercial vehicle sales also decreased due to continued impacts from semiconductor shortages at customers.

Aftermarket sales improved by \$6 million or 6% (including an unfavorable impact of \$6 million or 5% due to foreign currency translation), primarily due to strong demand in North America and Europe related to favorable aftermarket conditions such as increased off-highway demand for new and service parts, as well as growth through new product introductions and favorable pricing impacts.



For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net sales decreased compared to prior year by \$172 million or 9%, driven by an unfavorable impact of \$109 million or 6% due to foreign currency translation driven by a lower Euro-to-US dollar exchange rate, and lower volumes partially offset by \$26 million of inflation recoveries net of pricing across all product lines.

Gasoline product sales decreased by \$26 million or 4% (including an unfavorable impact of \$38 million or 6% due to foreign currency translation), primarily driven by the lower Euro-to-dollar exchange rates and lower sales in China due to the increased COVID-related lockdown measures implemented by the Chinese government. These decreases were more than offset by new product launches in North America which delivered incremental sales year over year.

Diesel product sales decreased by \$106 million or 18% (including an unfavorable impact of \$42 million or 7% due to foreign currency translation). This decrease was mainly due to the global semiconductor shortage and other supply shortage at customers due to the ongoing geopolitical crisis and pandemic related disruptions, accentuated by the impact of higher sales for the six months ended June 30, 2021 due to recovery in customer demand following pandemic-related disruptions in 2020.

Commercial vehicle sales decreased by \$56 million or 15% (including an unfavorable impact of \$17 million or 5% due to foreign currency translation), primarily driven by market declines in China following the implementation of heightened China 6a emissions standards for heavy-duty trucks on July 1, 2021, as well as semiconductor shortages at customers and other impacts from geopolitical tensions in Russia and Ukraine and pandemic-related disruptions.

Aftermarket sales improved by \$20 million or 10% (including an unfavorable impact of \$9 million or 5% due to foreign currency translation), primarily due to strong demand in North America and Europe related to favorable aftermarket conditions such as increased off-highway demand for new and service parts, increased revenues from our Performance & Motorsport Turbo business, new distributor openings, as well as growth through new product introductions and favorable pricing impacts.

Cost of Goods Sold and Gross Profit

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,		
	 2022		2021	·	2022		2021
			(Dollars	in millions))		
Cost of goods sold	\$ 690	\$	742	\$	1,416	\$	1,543
% change compared with prior period	(7.0)%	,			(8.2)%		
Gross profit percentage	19.7 %	,	20.6 %		19.5 %		20.1 %

	Cost of	Goods Sold	Gross Profit
		(Dollars in milli	ons)
Cost of Goods Sold / Gross Profit for the three months ended June 30, 2021	\$	742 \$	193
Increase/(decrease) due to:			
Volume		(40)	(18)
Product mix		25	(2)
Price, net of inflation pass-through		—	28
Commodity, transportation & energy inflation		32	(32)
Productivity, net		(20)	24
Research & development		5	(5)
Foreign exchange rate impacts		(54)	(19)
Cost of Goods Sold / Gross Profit for the three months ended June 30, 2022	\$	690 690\$	169

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, cost of goods sold decreased by \$52 million, primarily driven by our lower sales volumes and foreign currency impacts which contributed to decreases of \$40 million and \$54 million, respectively. Our continued focus on productivity also contributed to a decrease in cost of goods sold of \$20 million, net of \$2 million of higher premium freight costs driven by supply chain disruptions, transportation constraints and volume volatility. These decreases were partially offset by \$32 million of inflation on commodities, transportation and energy costs, as well as \$25

million due to an unfavorable product mix. Research and development ("R&D") costs also increased by \$5 million which reflects our shift in investment in new technologies and headcount increase year-over-year.

Gross profit decreased by \$24 million, with the decrease mainly driven by the lower sales volumes, inflation on commodities, transportation and energy costs, as well as higher premium freight costs as discussed above. Higher R&D costs and \$19 million of unfavorable foreign currency translational, transactional and hedging effects also lowered our gross profit. These decreases were partially offset by \$24 million from higher productivity and \$28 million of inflation recoveries from customer pass-through agreements net of pricing reductions.

	Cost of Goods Sold		Gross Profit
	(Dollars in millions)		
Cost of Goods Sold / Gross Profit for the six months ended June 30, 2021	\$	1,543 \$	389
Increase/(decrease) due to:			
Volume		(108)	(48)
Product mix		47	14
Price, net of inflation pass-through		—	26
Commodity, transportation & energy inflation		56	(56)
Productivity, net		(51)	58
Research & development		8	(8)
Foreign exchange rate impacts		(79)	(31)
Cost of Goods Sold / Gross Profit for the six months ended June 30, 2022	\$	1,416 \$	344

For six months ended June 30, 2022, cost of goods sold decreased by \$127 million, primarily driven by our lower sales volumes and foreign currency impacts which contributed to decreases of \$108 million and \$79 million, respectively. Our continued focus on productivity also contributed to a decrease in cost of goods sold of \$51 million, net of \$7 million of higher premium freight costs driven by supply chain disruptions, transportation constraints and volume volatility. These decreases were partially offset by \$56 million of inflation on commodities, transportation and energy costs, as well as \$47 million due to an unfavorable product mix. R&D expenses also increased by \$8 million which reflects our shift in investment in new technologies and headcount increase year-over-year.

Gross profit decreased by \$45 million, with the decrease mainly driven by the lower sales volumes, inflation on commodities, transportation and energy costs, as well as higher premium freight costs as discussed above. Higher R&D costs and \$31 million of unfavorable foreign currency translational, transactional and hedging effects also reduced our gross profit. These decreases were partially offset by \$58 million of higher productivity and \$26 million of inflation recoveries from customer pass-through agreements net of pricing reductions.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

	Three Months I June 30,	Ended		Six Months I June 30	
	 2022	2021		2022	2021
		(Dollar	s in millio	ns)	
Selling, general and administrative expense	\$ 54 \$	51	\$	107 \$	106
% of sales	6.3 %	5.5 %	6	6.1 %	5.5 %

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2022 increased by \$3 million compared with the prior year, primarily due to \$9 million of higher professional services costs, \$1 million from increased travel expenses and \$1 million of increased bad debt expense. These increases were partially offset by \$4 million of lower employee-related costs reflecting lower expected payout on 2022 employee incentives, as well as \$4 million of favorable impacts from foreign exchange rates.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, SG&A increased by \$1 million versus the prior year. This increase was driven by \$9 million of higher professional services costs, \$2 million from increased travel expenses and \$4 million of higher bad debt expenses due primarily to a non-recurring bad debt recovery recognized during the first quarter of 2021. These increases were partially offset by \$7 million of lower employee-related costs which reflect not only lower expected

employee incentive payout as discussed above, but also \$2 million of one-time cash continuity awards that were recognized in 2021. We also saw a \$7 million benefit from favorable foreign exchange rates compared to the prior year.

erest Expense		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2	022	2021 2	2022	2021
			(Dollars in millions)		
Interest expense	\$	20 \$	24 \$	43 \$	45

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, interest expense decreased by \$4 million compared to the prior year, primarily due to \$3 million of higher interest accretion in 2021 on our Series B Preferred Stock that was issued at Emergence.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, interest expense decreased by \$2 million compared to the prior year primarily due to \$5 million of lower interest expense on our current credit facilities compared to the credit facility in place last year prior to Emergence and prior year period fees related to amendments on our previous credit facilities, partially offset by \$3 million of higher interest expense in 2022 due to an additional quarter of accretion on our Series B Preferred Stock that was issued at Emergence.

Non-operating income	Three Months Ender June 30,	d	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	 2022	2021	2022	2021	
		(Dollars in million	15)		
Non-operating income	\$ (16) \$	(26) \$	(44) \$		

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, non-operating income decreased by \$10 million from \$26 million in the prior year, and comprised of \$12 million of interest income primarily from unrealized marked-to-market gains on our interest rate swaps, \$2 million of equity income from unconsolidated affiliates, \$3 million related to non-service components of net periodic pension benefits, and \$4 million of other non-operating gains partially offset by \$5 million of foreign exchange remeasurement impacts. The decrease in non-operating income versus prior year is primarily due to \$25 million of favorable foreign exchange remeasurement impacts recognized in 2021 on foreign currency-denominated debt which was unhedged due to the restrictions placed on the Company in the Chapter 11 proceedings (and was settled at Emergence), partially offset by higher interest income from unrealized marked-to-market gains on our interest rate swaps.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, non-operating income increased by \$44 million and comprised of \$39 million of interest income primarily from unrealized marked-to-market gains on our interest rate swaps, \$4 million of equity income from unconsolidated affiliates, \$5 million related to non-service components of net periodic pension benefits, and \$4 million of other non-operating gains partially offset by \$8 million of foreign exchange remeasurement losses. The increase in non-operating income from prior year is mainly due to the higher interest income associated with unrealized marked-to-market gains on our interest rate swaps, as well as foreign exchange remeasurement losses recognized in 2021 on the above-mentioned foreign currency-denominated debt.

Reorganization items, net

	Three Months End June 30,	led	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		(Dollars in million	ns)		
Reorganization items, net	\$ 1 \$	(295) \$	2 \$	(121)	

Reorganization items, net for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was an expense of \$1 million related to professional service fees incurred for the remaining main Chapter 11 Case. During the prior year period, reorganization items, net amounted to a \$295 million gain, representing a \$502 million gain on settlement of Honeywell claims, partially offset by \$96 million professional service fees related to the Chapter 11 Cases, \$39 million in Directors and Officers insurance related to Chapter 11 Cases, \$25 million write off on debt issuance costs of the Company's pre-petition term loan,

\$13 million in employee stock awards cancellation and \$34 million in other costs mainly related to unsecured notes settlement.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, reorganization items, net was an expense of \$2 million related to professional service fees incurred for the remaining main Chapter 11 Case. During the prior year period, reorganization items, net amounted to \$121 million gain, representing \$502 million gain on settlement of Honeywell claims, partially offset by \$181 million professional service fees related to the Chapter 11 Cases, \$79 million related to the termination of and expense reimbursement under that certain share and asset purchase agreement entered into on the Petition Date by the Debtors, AMP Intermediate B.V. and AMP U.S. Holdings, LLC (the "Stalking Horse Purchase Agreement"), \$39 million Directors and Officers insurance related to Chapter 11 Cases, \$25 million write off on debt issuance costs of the Company's pre-petition term loan facilities, \$13 million in employee stock awards cancellation and \$44 million in other costs mainly related to unsecured notes settlement.

Tax Expense

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	 2022	2021	2022	2021
		(Dollars in millions)		
Tax expense	\$ 20 \$	30 \$	57 \$	54
Effective tax rate	19.0 %	6.8 %	24.8 %	15.1 %

Our effective tax rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 increased compared to the prior year periods, primarily related to the nontaxable gain on the settlement of the Honeywell claims recorded in the prior year. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2022 also increased due to true-ups recorded in the first quarter of 2022 to prior year tax reserves.

Net Income

		Three Months Ended Six Months June 30, June 3						
	2022	2022 2021		2022		20	021	
	(Dollars in millions)							
Net income	\$	85 \$	409	\$	173	\$	304	

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2022 decreased by \$324 million compared with the prior year, primarily due to the \$295 million net gain on reorganization items recorded in the prior year period as discussed above. The lower gross profit and non-operating income for the three months ended June 30, 2022 as discussed above within the Cost of Goods Sold and Gross Profit and Non-operating income sections also contributed to the decreased net income.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net income decreased by \$131 million compared with the prior year primarily as result of the \$121 million net gain on reorganization items and higher gross profit recognized in the prior year period. These decreases were partially offset by \$44 million of non-operating income for six months ended June 30, 2022 as discussed above within the Non-operating income section.

Non-GAAP Measures

It is management's intent to provide non-GAAP financial information to supplement the understanding of our business operations and performance, and it should be considered by the reader in addition to, but not instead of, the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. Each non-GAAP financial measure is presented along with the most directly comparable GAAP measure so as not to imply that more emphasis should be placed on the non-GAAP measure. The non-GAAP financial information presented may be determined or calculated differently by other companies and may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies. Additionally, the non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for an analysis of the Company's operating results as reported under GAAP.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾

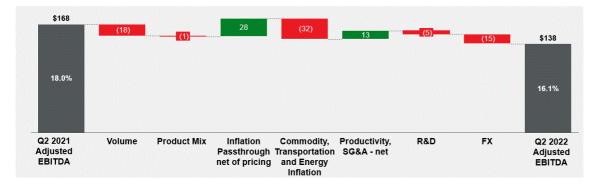
		nths Ended e 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2022	2021	2022	2021		
		(Dollars i	n millions)			
Net income — GAAP	\$ 85	\$ 409	\$ 173	\$ 304		
Interest expense, net of interest income	8	23	4	43		
Tax expense	20	30	57	54		
Depreciation	21	24	43	47		
EBITDA (Non-GAAP)	 134	486	277	448		
Reorganization items, net ⁽²⁾	1	(295)	2	(121)		
Stock compensation expense ⁽³⁾	3	1	5	3		
Repositioning costs ⁽⁴⁾	2	3	3	11		
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss on debt, net	_	(24)	_	9		
Loss on extinguishment of debt	5	—	5	—		
Discounting costs on factoring	_	—	1			
Other non-operating income ⁽⁵⁾	(7)	(3)	(9)	(6)		
Adjusted EBITDA (Non-GAAP)	\$ 138	\$ 168	\$ 284	\$ 344		

(1) We evaluate performance on the basis of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA. We define "EBITDA" as our net income calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP, plus the sum of net interest expense, tax expense and depreciation. We define "Adjusted EBITDA" as EBITDA, plus the sum of net reorganization items, stock compensation expense, repositioning costs, net foreign exchange (gain)/loss on debt, loss on extinguishment on debt, discounting costs on factoring and other non-operating income. We believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are important indicators of operating performance and provide useful information for investors because:

- EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA exclude the effects of income taxes, as well as the effects of financing and investing activities by eliminating the effects of interest and depreciation expenses and therefore more closely measure our operational performance; and
- certain adjustment items, while periodically affecting our results, may vary significantly from period to period and have disproportionate effect in a
 given period, which affects the comparability of our results.

In addition, our management may use Adjusted EBITDA in setting performance incentive targets to align performance measurement with operational performance.

- (2) The Company applied ASC 852 for periods subsequent to the Petition Date to distinguish transactions and events that were directly associated with the Company's reorganization from the ongoing operations of the business. Accordingly, certain expenses and gains incurred during the Chapter 11 Cases are recorded within Reorganization items, net in the Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations. See Note 1, *Background and Basis of Presentation* of the Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.
- (3) Stock compensation expense includes only non-cash expenses.
- (4) Repositioning costs includes severance costs related to restructuring projects to improve future productivity.
- (5) Reflects the non-service component of net periodic pension costs and other income that are non-recurring or not considered directly related to the Company's operations.



For the three months ended June 30, 2022, net income decreased by \$324 million versus the prior year as discussed above within the Results of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 section.

Adjusted EBITDA decreased by \$30 million compared to the prior year, mainly due to volume decreases, inflation on commodities, transportation and energy, as well as unfavorable foreign exchange impacts, partially offset by increased productivity and inflation pass-through net of pricing. Our volumes for the three months ended June 30, 2022 totaled 3.2 million units, representing a decrease of approximately 6% from the prior year and approximates the estimated decrease in global light vehicle production.

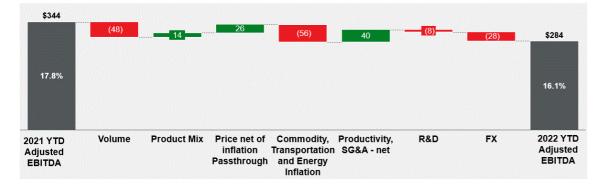
Our Adjusted EBITDA margin of 16.1% represented a year-over-year contraction of 190 basis points. During the three months ended June 30, 2022, we faced demand volatility driven mainly by the global semiconductor shortage and geopolitical tensions from the ongoing military conflict between Russia and Ukraine, resulting in supply chain disruptions.

We maintained our focus on productivity in the current year as rising commodity prices led to higher raw material costs, particularly for nickel, aluminum and steel alloys. We recovered a majority of the increases from our customer pass-through agreements, especially for nickel, and continue to negotiate with our customers for further escalators while actively managing our supply base and cost recovery mechanisms to minimize the impact of materials cost inflation. The increased productivity was partially offset by year-over-year labor inflation and increased premium freight costs driven by supply chain disruptions, transportation constraints and volume volatility, as well as higher SG&A expenses due to higher professional service fees and higher travel expenses.

R&D expenses increased \$5 million which reflects our shift in investment in new technologies, increased hiring to accelerate growth in the new technologies and year-over-year labor inflation.

Losses in foreign currency from translational, transactional and hedging effects in the three months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a lower Euro-to-US dollar exchange rate versus the prior-year period, also accounted for \$15 million of the decrease in Adjusted EBITDA.

Adjusted EBITDA for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022



For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net income decreased by \$131 million versus the prior year as discussed above within the Results of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 section.

Adjusted EBITDA decreased by \$60 million compared to the prior year, mainly due to volume decreases, inflation on commodities, transportation and energy, as well as unfavorable foreign exchange impacts, partially offset by increased productivity, inflation pass-through net of pricing and a favorable mix. Our volumes for the six months ended June 30, 2022 totaled 6.6 million units, representing a decrease of approximately 8% from the prior year.

Our Adjusted EBITDA margin of 16.1% represented a year-over-year contraction of 170 basis points. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we faced demand volatility driven mainly by the global semiconductor shortage and geopolitical tensions due to the ongoing military conflict between Russia and Ukraine, resulting in supply chain disruptions.

We maintained our focus on productivity in the current year as rising commodity prices led to higher raw material costs, particularly for nickel, aluminum and steel alloys. We recovered a majority of the cost increases from our customer pass-through agreements, especially for nickel, and continue to negotiate with our customers for further escalators while actively managing our supply base and cost recovery mechanisms to minimize the impact of materials, transportation and energy cost inflation. The increased productivity was partially offset by year-over-year labor inflation and increased premium freight costs driven by supply chain disruptions, transportation constraints and volume volatility.

R&D expenses increased \$8 million which reflects our shift in investment in new technologies, increased hiring to accelerate growth in the new technologies and year-over-year labor inflation.

Losses in foreign currency from translational, transactional and hedging effects in the six months ended June 30, 2022, primarily driven by a lower Euro-to-US dollar exchange rate versus the prior-year period, also accounted for \$28 million of the decrease in Adjusted EBITDA.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Historically, we have financed our operations with funds generated from operating activities, available cash and cash equivalents, as well as borrowings under a senior secured revolving credit facility and the issuance of senior notes, commitments under both of which were cancelled in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases. During the pendency of our bankruptcy proceedings, we financed our operations with funds generated from operating activities and available cash and cash equivalents, and also had in place debtor-in-possession financing arrangements.

Following the completion of the Chapter 11 Cases and Emergence, including during the six months ended June 30, 2022, we funded our operations primarily through cash flows from operating activities, borrowings from Credit Facilities and cash and cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2022, the Company reported a cash and cash equivalents position of \$146 million (not including \$33 million in restricted cash as of June 30, 2022) as compared to \$423 million as of December 31, 2021 (not including \$41 million in restricted cash as of June 30, 2022, the Company had no borrowings outstanding under the Revolving Facility, no outstanding letters of credit, and available borrowing capacity of

\$475 million. In addition, as of June 30, 2022, the Company had \$1,180 million of principal outstanding on its Term Loan Facilities and \$22 million in available letter of credit facilities.

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we repaid \$4 million on our Dollar Facility and \$381 million related to our Series B Preferred Stock which included the final redemption payment, following which no shares of our Series B Preferred Stock remain outstanding. Additionally, holders of our Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to receive, and, as and if declared by a committee of disinterested directors of the Board out of funds legally available for such dividend, cumulative cash dividends at an annual rate of 11% on the stated amount per share plus the amount of any accrued and unpaid dividends on such share. These dividends accumulate whether or not declared, and as of June 30, 2022, the aggregate accumulated dividend was approximately \$174 million.

As disclosed in our 2021 Form 10-K, we expect to continue investing in our facilities as we expand our manufacturing capacity for new product launches and invest in strategic growth opportunities, in particular in the electrification of drivetrains.

We believe the combination of expected cash flows, the funding received from our Series A Preferred Stock issuance, the term loan borrowings, and the revolving credit facilities being committed until 2026, will provide us with adequate liquidity to support the Company's operations.

Emergence - Exit Financing and Entry into Credit Facilities

Upon our emergence from Chapter 11 proceedings on the Effective Date, the following transactions significantly improved the Company's liquidity:

- Net proceeds from the issuance of Term Loan Facilities of \$1,221 million;
- The Company obtained \$300 million in commitments under a five-year secured first-lien multi-currency Revolving Facility, \$125 million of which may be used for the issuance of letters of credit;
- The Company obtained a \$35 million letter of credit facility for a term of five years;
- Debt repayment of \$1,103 million in secured term loan facilities and accrued interest, repayment of \$374 million in revolving credit facility, \$461 million in Senior Notes and accrued interest and \$101 million repayment of Debtor-in-possession Term Loan facility and accrued interest;
- Issuance of Series A Preferred Stock in a rights offering for \$1,301 million;
- Settlement of \$1,459 million of claims with Honeywell for a \$375 million payment and the issuance of \$577 million of Series B Preferred Stock.

On January 11, 2022 and March 22, 2022, the Company amended the Credit Agreement, increasing the maximum amount of borrowings under the Revolving Facility from \$300 million to \$475 million. For more information, see Note 13, *Long-term Debt and Credit Agreements*.

In connection with the Company's Emergence and pursuant to the Plan, the Company issued 247,768,962 shares of the Company's Series A Preferred Stock to the Centerbridge Investors, the Oaktree Investors and certain other investors and parties. All outstanding Series A Preferred Stock will convert into Common Stock of the Company automatically upon the occurrence of certain triggering events. Additionally, holders of the Series A Preferred Stock have the right to convert their shares of Series A Preferred Stock into Common Stock at any time. As the Certificate of Designations governing the Series A Preferred Stock prohibits the issuance of fractional shares of Common Stock upon the conversion of any shares of Series A Preferred Stock, the Company must pay a cash adjustment in respect of any such fractional share of Common Stock that would be issuable pursuant to a conversion. See Note 18, *Equity* of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 included in our 2021 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the Series A Preferred Stock.

Additionally, pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date the Company issued 834,800,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock to Honeywell in satisfaction of its claims against the Company arising from certain historical agreements between Honeywell and the Company. As of June 30, 2022, the Company has fully redeemed the Series B Preferred Stock. See Note 14, *Mandatorily Redeemable Series B Preferred Stock* of the Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial

Statements and Note 16, *Mandatorily Redeemable Series B Preferred Stock* of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 included in our 2021 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the Series B Preferred Stock.

Share Repurchase Program

On November 16, 2021, the Board of Directors authorized a \$100 million share repurchase program valid until November 15, 2022, providing for the purchase of shares of Series A Preferred Stock and Common Stock. As of June 30, 2022, the Company had repurchased \$22 million of its Series A Preferred Stock and Common Stock, with \$78 million remaining under the share repurchase program. For more information, see Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Cash Flow Summary for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022

		Six Months Ended June 30,				
	20	022	2021			
		(Dollars in millions)				
Cash provided by (used for):						
Operating activities	\$	177 \$	(391)			
Investing activities		(52)	(39)			
Financing activities		(393)	359			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and restricted cash		(17)	(6)			
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	(285) \$	(77)			

Cash provided by operating activities increased by \$568 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 versus the prior year, primarily due to a \$375 million payment made to Honeywell in the prior year pursuant to the Plan, and a decrease in net income, net of a \$323 million increase in non-cash adjustments which included a \$373 million gain recognized in prior year on reorganization items and a \$35 million increase in the fair value of our undesignated derivative instruments. Favorable impacts from working capital of \$75 million, which included incremental eligible receivables sold without recourse in the amount \$37 million, also contributed to the increase in cash provided by operating activities, partially offset by a \$74 million decrease mainly driven by other assets and liabilities.

Cash used for investing activities increased by \$13 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 versus the prior year, with the increase due to increased expenditures for property, plant and equipment.

Cash used for financing activities increased by \$752 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared with the prior year. The change was driven by \$381 million paid for the final early redemption of our Series B Preferred Stock (exclusive of \$28 million of the redemption attributable to interest and included in cash used for operating activities) and \$3 million for repurchases of Series A Preferred Stock and Common Stock. Additionally, in 2021, there were \$1,301 million of proceeds from issuance of Series A Preferred Stock and \$1,221 million of proceeds from issuance of the new long-term debt, partially offset by \$200 million repayments on the Company's senior secured super-priority debtor in-possession credit agreement entered into in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, \$370 million of full payment of our pre-petition revolving credit facility, \$1,515 million payments of our pre-petition long term debt and \$69 million payments made to holders of the Company's pre-Emergence common stock who made a cash-out election under the Plan.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not engage in any off-balance sheet financial arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a material current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of our Consolidated Interim Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is based on the selection and application of accounting policies that require us to make significant estimates and assumptions about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. Actual results could differ from our estimates and

assumptions, and any such differences could be material to our financial statements. Our critical accounting policies are summarized in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section of our 2021 Form 10-K.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies of the Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements for further discussion of recent accounting pronouncements.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including without limitation statements regarding the following, are forward-looking statements: statements regarding our future results of operations and financial position, the consequences of the Chapter 11 Cases, the anticipated impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, anticipated impacts of the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine, results of operations and financial position, expectations regarding the growth of the turbocharger and electric vehicle markets and other industry trends, the sufficiency of our cash and cash equivalents, anticipated sources and uses of cash, anticipated investments in our business, our business strategy, pending litigation, anticipated interest expense, and the plans and objectives of management for future operations and capital expenditures are forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forwardlooking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "could," "intend," "target," "project," "contemplate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential," or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions. The forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are only predictions. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and are subject to a number of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements, including:

- increases in the costs and availability of raw materials and our ability to offset material price inflation;
- risks of natural disasters and climate change, and changes in legislation or government regulations or policies relating to climate change or otherwise, including with respect to greenhouse gas emission reduction targets, or other similar targets, in Europe (as part of the Green Deal objectives or otherwise); the United States; China; Japan; and Korea or other jurisdiction in which the Company does business, and growing recognition among consumers of the dangers of climate change, which may affect demand for our products, our supply chain, and results of our operations;
- · changes in the automotive industry and economic or competitive conditions;
- any loss of, or a significant reduction in purchases by, our largest customers, material non-payment or non-performance by any of our key customers, and difficulty collecting receivables;
- impacts on our business from the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, including reductions to production volumes as a result of reduced capacity at manufacturing facilities;
- any failure to protect our intellectual property or allegations that we have infringed the intellectual property of others; and our ability to license necessary intellectual property from third parties;
- potential material losses and costs as a result of any warranty claims and product liability actions brought against us;

- quality control and creditworthiness of the suppliers on which we rely;
- · work stoppages, other disruptions or the need to relocate any of our facilities;
- · inaccuracies in estimates of volumes of awarded business;
- the negotiating positions of our customers and our ability to negotiate favorable pricing terms;
- risks related to international operations and our investment in foreign markets, including risks related to the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union;
- risks related to disruptions in our supply chain and business operations due to the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine;
- the effects of any deterioration on industry, economic or financial conditions on our ability to access the capital markets on favorable terms;
- any significant failure or inability to comply with the specifications and manufacturing requirements of our original equipment manufacturer customers or by increases or decreases to the inventory levels maintained by our customers;
- any failure to increase productivity or successfully execute repositioning projects or manage our workforce;
- potential material environmental liabilities and hazards;
- the commencement of any lawsuits, investigations and disputes arising out of our current and historical businesses, and the consequences thereof;
- inability to recruit and retain qualified personnel; and
- the other factors described under the caption "Risk Factors" in our 2021 Form 10-K, as updated in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and our other filings with the SEC.

You should read this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the documents that we reference herein completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes to the Company's quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risks as disclosed in Part II, Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks, in our 2021 Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act. Based on management's evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of June 30, 2022.

Remediation of Previously Identified Material Weakness

As previously disclosed, in the course of preparing our 2021 Form 10-K and our Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, management determined that there was a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting relating to the calculation of our basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, resulting from the Company's failure to correctly account for the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock as a participating security in the earnings per share calculations. Following the identification of the aforementioned error, management performed a root cause analysis and identified that the error related to a deficiency in the design and implementation of effective controls relating to involvement of subject matter experts in management's review of complex and bespoke transactions.

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, management completed a comprehensive review of our controls and procedures associated with complex and bespoke transactions, including revisiting such transactions with input from relevant subject matter experts as determined necessary, reassessing the understanding of each transaction, evaluating the application of the underlying accounting standards to the transactions, and verifying the completeness, accuracy and reasonableness of the final accounting conclusions. Management also updated the design of our controls to evaluate the need to involve relevant subject matter experts as part of the review controls associated with complex and bespoke accounting transactions. Management has evaluated and tested the implementation and operating effectiveness of the remedial controls and believes that the material weakness has been remediated as of June 30, 2022.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Other than the remedial measures discussed above, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended June 30, 2022 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are involved in various other lawsuits, claims and proceedings incident to the operation of our businesses, including those pertaining to product liability, product safety, environmental, safety and health, intellectual property, employment, commercial and contractual matters and various other matters. Although the outcome of any such lawsuit, claim or proceeding cannot be predicted with certainty and some may be disposed of unfavorably to us, we do not currently believe that such lawsuits, claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. We accrue for potential liabilities in a manner consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Accordingly, we accrue for a liability when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the liability is reasonably estimable.

For additional information regarding our legal proceedings, see Note 19, Commitments and Contingencies of the Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Except as disclosed below, there have been no material changes to the risks described under "Risk Factors" in our 2021 Form 10-K. In addition to the other information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" in our 2021 Form 10-K. These factors could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, or results of operations, and could cause our actual results to differ materially from our historical results or the results contemplated by any forward-looking statements contained in this report.

The ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine has impacted our results of operations and could create or exacerbate certain risks we face to our business, financial condition and results of operations

Russia's invasion of Ukraine and the global response, including the imposition of financial and economic sanctions by the United States and other countries, has created supply constraints that have impacted, and may continue to impact, our results of operations and could create or exacerbate risks facing our business. Although we do not presently expect the impacts of the ongoing conflict on our operating results to be material, certain risks that we have identified in our 2021 Form 10-K may be exacerbated. For example, a prolonged or intensified conflict could result in acute shortages of raw materials and price inflation on transportation costs, materials, and energy which in turn may adversely impact our supply chain. If the conflict expands beyond Ukraine, it could negatively impact our operations or restrictions on global trade, could also result in further supply chain disruptions, reduced customer demand, state-sponsored cyberattacks as well as increased volatility in the financial markets, all of which could have an adverse impact on our business and operations. These and other risks are described more fully in our 2021 Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the three months ended June 30, 2022, the holders of our Series A Preferred Stock converted 100 shares of Series A Preferred Stock into 100 shares of Common Stock pursuant to the terms of the Certificate of Designations for the Series A Preferred Stock. These transactions did not involve any underwriters, underwriting discounts or commissions, or any public offering.

On November 16, 2021, the Board of Directors authorized a \$100 million share repurchase program valid until November 15, 2022, providing for the purchase of shares of Series A Preferred Stock and Common Stock. Our stock repurchases may occur through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or trading plans pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act. The amount and timing of specific repurchases are subject to market conditions, applicable legal requirements, restricted payment capacity under our debt instruments and other factors. The repurchase program may be suspended, modified or discontinued at any time without prior notice. The following table summarizes our share repurchase activity for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and additional information regarding our share repurchase program:

Period	Total Number of Common Shares Purchased	n Average Price Paid		Total Number of Preferred Average Shares Price Paid Purchased per Share		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan or Program		Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan or Program		
April 1, 2022 – April 30, 2022	_	\$	—	34,148	\$	8.82	3	4,148	\$	78,644,173
May 1, 2022 – May 31, 2022	_			25,172		7.29	2	5,172		78,460,690
June 1, 2022 – June 30, 2022				97,901		8.31	9	7,901		77,647,491
Total		\$		157,221	\$	8.26	15	7,221	\$	77,647,491

Other than the amounts repurchased as part of our share repurchase program, there were no purchases of equity securities by the issuer or affiliated purchasers during the quarter ended June 30, 2022.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by a committee of disinterested directors of the Board (which committee initially consisted of Daniel Ninivaggi, Julia Steyn, Robert Shanks and D'aun Norman) out of funds legally available for such dividend, cumulative cash dividends at an annual rate of 11% on the stated amount per share plus the amount of any accrued and unpaid dividends on such share, accumulating daily and payable quarterly on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1, respectively, in each year. No cash dividends were declared in respect of the period ended June 30, 2022. As a result, as of June 30, 2022, there were \$174 million of unpaid cumulative preference dividends on the shares of Series A Preferred Stock outstanding as of that date.

Except as otherwise disclosed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or reported previously in a Current Report on Form 8-K by the Company, none.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

			-			
Exhibit Number	Description	Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date	Filed/ Furnished Herewith
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Garrett Motion Inc., dated April 30, 2021	8-K	001- 38636	3.1	04/30/2021	
3.2	Amended and Restated Certificate of Designations of Series A Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock of Garrett Motion Inc.	10-Q	001- 38636	3.2	04/28/2022	
3.3	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Designations of the Company's Series B Preferred Stock	POS AM	333- 256659	3.3	06/09/2022	
3.40	Third Amended and Restated Bylaws of Garrett Motion Inc., dated October 27, 2021	10 - K	001- 38636	3.5	02/14/2022	
10.1^	Amendment No. 2, dated March 23, 2022, to the Credit Agreement, dated April 30, 2021, among Garrett Motion Inc., Garrett LX I S.à r.l., Garrett Motion Holdings, Inc., Garrett Motion Sàrl, the lenders and issuing banks party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent	POS AM	333- 256659	10.3	06/09/2022	
31.1	<u>Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>					*
31.2	<u>Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and</u> <u>15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to</u> <u>Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>					*
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					**
32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					**
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document					*
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document					*
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document					*
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document					*
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document					*
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document					
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)					*

** Furnished herewith.

^ Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Garrett Motion Inc.

Date: July 28, 2022

By:

By:

Date: July 28, 2022

/s/ Olivier Rabiller Olivier Rabiller President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Sean Deason

Sean Deason Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Olivier Rabiller, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Garrett Motion Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 28, 2022

By:

/s/ Olivier Rabiller Olivier Rabiller

President and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Sean Deason, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Garrett Motion Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By:

Date: July 28, 2022

/s/ Sean Deason

Sean Deason Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Garrett Motion Inc. (the "Company") for the period ended June 30, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: July 28, 2022

By: /s/ Olivier Rabiller

Olivier Rabiller President and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Garrett Motion Inc. (the "Company") for the period ended June 30, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: July 28, 2022

By:

/s/ Sean Deason Sean Deason

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer)